## STUDY SUBJECT DESCRIPTION

## MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

| Title of Study Programme and Code  | Type (compulsory/optional)       | Cycle   | Year of study when the<br>component is delivered (if<br>applicable)     |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| BUSINESS MANAGEMENT AND<br>INNOVATIONS   | Compulsory                       | 1 <sup>st</sup>   | 3 <sup>rd</sup> year  |
| Semester/trimester when the component is delivered   | Number of ECTS credits allocated | Language of instruction   | Mode of delivery (face-<br>to-face/e- learning/)                        |
| 6 <sup>th</sup>  | 4 ECTS                           | Lithuanian  | face-to-face,<br>e-learning   |
| Learning outcomes  |                                  | Study methods   | Assessment methods  |
| After completion of the study subject, a student should be able:LO 1to appreciate the relevance of modern business trends to a management<br>accounting systemLO 2to monitor budget implementationLO 3to carry out assessments of investment projectsLO 4to assess the performance of responsibility centresLO 5to know cost classification, accumulation, systematisation and costing.LO 6to calculate the cost of productsLO 7to prepare the annual corporate budgetLO 8to coordinate departmental activitiesLO 9to make decisions based on factual data |                                  | Interactive lecture<br>Seminar<br>Tutorial<br>Self-study<br>Practical tasks | Examination<br>Self-study assessment<br>Assessment of practical<br>work |
|  | Prerequisites                    |   |   |
| (these courses must have successfully completed before she/he can take this course)  |                                  |   |   |
|  |                                  |   |   |

| Micro-macroeconomics, Fundamentals of Business Accounting and Taxation, Enterprise Finance and Investment  |  |  |
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| Course content   |  |  |
| 1. Internal accounting and its relevance to the enterprise   |  |  |
| 2. Importance of and requirements for management information   |  |  |
| 3. Responsibility centres  |  |  |
| 4. Classification of expenditure   |  |  |
| 5. Accounting for indirect costs   |  |  |
| 6. Selection of the indirect cost allocation base and calculation of the coefficient   |  |  |
| 7. Allocation of indirect costs to the cost of the product   |  |  |
| 8. Methods of calculating costs  |  |  |
| 9. Types of costs  |  |  |
| 10. Methods of calculating cost price  |  |  |
| 11. Processing cost method   |  |  |
| 12. Cost calculation applying a bespoken costing method  |  |  |
| 13. Methods for assessing investment projects  |  |  |
| 14. Evaluation of investment projects  |  |  |
| 15. Objectives, functions and importance of budgets  |  |  |
| 16. Types of budgets and its development stages  |  |  |
| 17. Preparing the company's main budget  |  |  |
| 18. Controlling the implementation of the company's main budget  |  |  |
| 19. Flexible budgets. Evaluating deviations from the budget  |  |  |
| Recommended or required reading and other learning resources/tools   |  |  |
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| 1. Mackevičius J. (2014) Valdymo apskaita. Vilnius: Vilnius University   |  |  |
| <ol> <li>Kalčinskas G. (2007) Buhalterinės apskaitos pagrindai (p. 673 - 802). Vilnius: Pačiolis</li> <li>Gaižauskas L., Lakis Mackevičius J. (2010) Valdymo apskaitos teorija ir praktika. Vilnius: Vilnius University</li> </ol> |  |  |
| 5. Gaizauskas L., Lakis mackevicius J. (2010) valuyino apskanos teorija ir praktika. Vinnus. Vinnus Oniversity   |  |  |